Market st., suitable for nent homes, at moderate cost; or will sell entire property at a bargain. Money 20 lend. J. M. Poulson, room 27, Arcade. 94-104* For Sale-Houses and lots in all parts of the city, at from \$1,000 to \$6,000, also smal farms close to city and from \$500 to \$1,500 156 South Main.

FOR SALE-No. 124 Bare st., 9 room, furparticulars, G. W. Gridley, & Central build-ing. Tel. 516.

FOR SALE—Two small garden farm-with fair buildings for sale or trade for Ak-ron property. Call now and see the crops growing upon them. A. D. Alexander, Commerce block. 92-117.

Restaurant for Sale .- Good restaurant well located, doing good business, for sale cheap if sold at once. Good reason for selling. C. H. Jones, 118 E. Exchange st

Fornished Rooms for Rent .- Good furnished rooms, with modern conveniences. C. H. Jones, 118 E. Exchange st.

FOR SALE-\$1,300 is the price of a good 8-room house in a desirable residence part you cannot beat this for the money, as investment would pay 12 per cent. For particulars and other bargains in real estate J. I. BACHTEL.

We have a \$7,500 home, first-class in ever

Tel. 898.

MONEY TO LOAN. TO LOAN-800, \$100, \$800, \$1,000 and \$2,00 J. I. Bachtel, 188 S. Howard st. 94tf MONEY TO LOAN-\$400 to 10,000 at 6% Akron money, Sawyer, Doyle block.

MONEY TO LOAN-From \$5.00 and un-MONEY TO LOAN-From \$4.00 and upward on household goods or any chattle security and allow the goods to remain in your possession. Can repay us in monthly installments. Boom 14. Arcade block. Office hours. 8:30 to 11:30 to 1:30 to 5 p. m.

I. C. MILLER & IVY MILLER.

WANTED.

Wanted—A grocery store in some good cention for cash. Cierks' Business Ex. 98tf TO EXCHANGE-A first class four horse

Houses wanted—20 reliable tenants waiting, 156 S. Main. 86 if

WANTED-Managers, solicitors, clerks, advertising man, fine opening; machinists, boys for factory, traveling salesmen, local salesmen, linemen; good places now open. 1858; Main. 102-104

WANTED—Salesindles, office assistants, stenographers, millipers, girls for private launiles, waitresses, cooks, chamber maids; all secure positions; associated offices, 156 8, Main. 102-104

can furnish first-class credentials to call and secure good paying commercial positions that are now ready. Positions that are permanent and pay from \$10 to \$20 per week. You are not obliged to accept what we offer; you are privileged to try one place after \$nother until suited, and think of it—the cost does not exceed 5 cents per week. No extra charge for use of branch offices. Managed exclusively by Akron, people. Over 50 positions now open; no trouble or expense to show what they are, Orders from out of city daily. Clerks' Employment Exchange, 156 So, Main.

For Rent-Furnished and unfurnished rooms with the very best people. 156 South Main st. 98if the city for the shoe or dry goods busines 156 South Main st. 98tf

FOR SALE-REAL ESTATE. old cheap if bought at once Address L.G., care Democrat.

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.

STEPHEN C. MILLER, Attorney-at-law, Prompt attention given to collections. Pal-mer block, 168 South Main st., Akron, Ohio. Tel. 615.

W. F. COLEMAN

Justice of the Peace and Notary. 26 Wooster avenue. 26 Wooster avenue.

Houses on monthly payments, choice lots on Wooster av. will be sold at a sacrifice, also greenhouse equipments cheap. A 45 horse-power bolier, almost new. I have the finest allotment in Akron. Lots 60x175 from \$100 to \$200. Come to see me.

FOR REPAIRING—See George Haneline, Watches, Clocks, all kinds of Jewelry, 133 South Main st., under red watch sign. 222tf

MASSILLON COAL CO.

We have a large amount of money to loan on good real estate security. Low rate of interest. Terms most

149 S. Howard st., Phones 582 and 593

STROBEL BROS. Steam Laundry New machinery, new location. We guarantee our work. High gloss or domestic finish.

Phone 1432

Nos. 182-187 North Howard st. PETERSON & WRIGHT Successors to J. E. Peterson

Groin, Hoy, Mili Feed, Cement, Lime, Etc. 128 NORTH MAIN ST. Peterson & Wright

WANTED TO LOAN \$1,000 to \$3,000 at 6 per cent for term of years if security is gilt edge. Inquire at once.

Hale & Coates Everett block.

INSURANCE

The Aetna Life Insurance Co. paid to policyholders in 1898 over \$4,500,000.00 -over \$1,000,000.00 on endowment poli- ed coppers or played jackstraws on th cles matured-a form of insurance on shady side of the ark, while Noah, who which we have no competition in results. couldn't find them, had to feed the FRANK O. NEWCOMB, Everett Building. District Agent.

FOR SALE

If you want a first-class driving horse, finely mated coach or carriage team, call at Steiner's Stock Barn No. 1350 South Main st. Nothing but first-class horses kept in stock. N. R. STEINER, Prop., Tel. 1734. John Q. Martin, Mgr. Meh 18, 1900

A pure whiskey agrees with any food, in fact aids digestion. It tone the stomach, increases the flow of gastric juices and so promotes strength and flesh. A pure whiskey like HARPER Whiskey. SOLD BY WM. WASHER.

144 S. Howard st., Akron, O.

MISCELLANEOUS

\$1,000 to invest in a business or partner ship. 156 S. Main.

The Purest and Finest **BEER Imported** PSCHORR-(Muenchen) always on draught. CALL AT THE ATLANTIC GARDEN Cor. Main and E. Market Sts. DETTLING BROS., Props.

NOTICE

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# TO COAL DEALERS.

anthracite.

Each bidder must deposit with the Clerk of the Board at the time of filing his bid, a check on

certificate of deposit, a certified check on some bank doing business in Akron or cash to the amount of one hundred dellars (\$100). The Board reserves the right to accept any or reject all bids. C. W. MILLIKIN, Chairman Committee,

Notice of Appointment. Estate of Theodore Austgen, decease The undersigned has been appointed by the probate court of Summit county, Ohio, as administrator of the estate of Theodore Austgen, deceased. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment; and all persons having claims against said estate are requested to present the same for allowance or rejection.

CHARLES AUSTGEN.

Dated this loth day of Aug. A. D. 1899.

Aug 11 18 25

# A POPULAR MISTAKE.

The Idea That Professional Men

Have an Ensy Time. "People who work with their hands, especially farmers, are apt to think that professional men have an easy time of it," said a lawyer of this city. "It's an amusing mistake. The farmer 100 girls wanted for shops, hotels, stores and private homes. Come quick. Places stops at sundown, and the laborer waiting. Ledies' bureau, 156 S. Main. 86 tf works ten hours at the outside. The average professional man works from 12 to 14 hours day in and day out, all the year around. Often, at a pinch, he will work from 16 to 20 hours for several days in succession, and he will work when he is sick or suffering severe physical pain, something the manual toiler wouldn't dream of. Of course WANTED-Ladles and gentlemen who be takes short intervals of rest, like everybody else. The human engine isn't capable of absolutely sustained

> endeavor for over an hour at a stretch. "Watch a day laborer, who seems to be plodding along like a machine, and you'll find that he really rests more than half the time. He looks at some well dressed doctor, lawyer, broker or man of affairs and says to himself: 'Oh, you doggoned lazy rascal! If you only had to work like me." The truth is that the chap he envies is putting an amount of concentration and continued energy into his daily toil that would ore room, best location in kill the man who works with his hands

alone in less than a week. FOR SALE-A good building lot on Brown doing his level best. I simply mean that the demands on brain production are a third again as severe as the demands on muscle production. For sheer staying qualities there is nothing in the world that equals the nervous, high strung, frail looking modern pro fessional man,"-New Orleans Times Democrat.

JESS AND THE BEAR.

Bruin Saved the Man, but Lost His Life In the Bargain.

There is a story connected with the last bear killed about here which fond grandpapas often told the children seated on their knees. It appears that the celebrated "Uncle Jess" had spent all his life as a trapper and hunter, and never a mishap had befallen him. But one night, in his anxiety to shake a coon, he climbed the shell of an old

As he began shaking the neighbor ing limb the stump to which he was clinging gave way, and he sank feet first into the hollow center. All efforts o escape were impossible, and the pious hunter had resolved to pass the emainder of his life in prayer, when toward night his supplications were interrupted. Looking up, he beheld the eye of a bear looking straight down

at him. Then the animal turned about and backed down the inside of the stump. Hardly knowing what to do, Uncle less put up his hands in protection and grasped the bear. Now it was the bear's turn to be frightened. He scrambled up again, while the hunter hung on for his life and was carried with safety to the top.

Here the bear's real trouble began for with so heavy a weight it was impossible for him to turn about and back down, so he tried it head first, but that was no easy matter to the beast, and he fell with a heavy thud to the ground below and was killed, while Uncle Jess went home and told the truthful tale, to be handed down to his children.-Springfield Republic

Boys of the Olden Time.

Boys have always been boys. There is no doubt that Shem and Ham pitchstock himself, or that David held up two fingers to Jonathan when he saw him across the block and that they therewith went in swimming in the Jordan against the express prohibition of their mothers.-Minneapolis Journal.

Greasy baths may be made perfectly clean by lightly scouring with a wet flannel dipped in common salt.



## THE FLAG OF TRUCE.

OR TALMAGE SUGGESTS A REMEDY FOR STRIKE EPIDEMICS.

Interests of Capital and Labor Are Identical, and When They Cense to Antagonize Each Other Strife Will laboring man who has been expending

WASHINGTON, Aug. 13.-In this discourse Dr. Talmage suggests how the and then suppose that that money was him at that rate-everything bright No. One cent? No. These great everlasting war between capital and put into a co-operative association, and labor may be brought to a happy end. The text is I Corinthians xil, 21, "The kind of expenditure, do the same thing, eye cannot say unto the hand, I have and that should be added up and put

Fifty thousand workmen in Chicago then take all that money expended for ceasing work in one day; Brooklyn overdress and overstyle and overlivstunned by the attempt to halt its rail- ing on the part of toiling people in road cars; Cleveland in the threes of order that they may appear as well as a labor agitation, and restlessness persons who have more income-gather among toilers all over the land that all up and you could have cohave caused an epidemic of strikes, and, somewhat to better things, I apply

chinery of society, and you harm all All trades interdependent. All classes of people interdependent. Capital and independence. Dives cannot kick Lazarus without hurting his own foot. They who threw Shadrach into the furnace got their own bodies scorched. Or, to come back to the figure of the text, what a strange thing it would be if the eye should say: I oversee the entire anything I am disgusted with, it is Or, what if the hand should say: I am the boss workman of the whole physical economy; I have no respect for the other members of the body. If there is anything I despise, it is the eye

doing nothing but look, I come in, and I wave the flag of truce between these two contestants, barbaric, then they are a curse. If a hats and shoes rather than pay an adand I say, "The eye cannot say to the hand, 'I have no need of thee.'

Labor and Capital.

That brings me to the first suggestion, and that is, that labor and capital are to be brought to a better understanding by a complete canvass of the whole subject. They will be brought to peace when they find that they are identical in their interests. When one goes down, they both go down. When one rises, they both rise. There will be never has been an exception to the of society eventually will be good for all classes of society, and that which is bad for one class of society will eventually and in time be bad for all. Every speech that labor makes against capital postpones the day of permanent adjustment. Every speech that capital makes against labor postpones the day of permanent adjustment. When capital maligns labor, it is the eye cursing If the capitalists would draw their glove, you would see the broken finger nail, the scar of an old blister, the stiffened finger joint. The great publishers of the country for the most part were bookbinders, or typesetters, on small pay. The great carriage manufacturers for the most part sandpapered wagon bodies in wheelwright shops. While, on the other hand, in all our large manufacturing establishments you will find men on wages who once employed a hundred or five hundred bands. The distance between capital and labor is not a great gulf over which is swung a Niagara suspension bridge; it is only a step, and the capitalists are crossing over to become laborers, and the laborers are crossing over to become capitalists. Would God they might shake hands while they cross. On the other hand, laborers are the highest style of capitalists. Where are their investments? In banks? No! In the railroads? No! Their nerve, their muscle, their bone, their mechanical skill, their physical health are magnificent capital. He who lins two eyes, two ears, two feet, two hands, ten fingers, has machinery that puts into nothingness carpet and screw and cotton factory, and all the other implements on the planet. The capitalists were laborers, the laborers were

capitalists. The sooner we understand that the better. Co-operative Associations. Again, there is to come relief to the laboring classes of this country through co-operative associations. I am not at this moment speaking of trades unions, but of that plan by which laborers put their surplus toists. Instead of being dependent upon the beck of this capitalist or that capitalist, they manage their own affairs. of \$18,000,000, or what corresponds to purpose of getting his wife a \$150 our dollars, and they do a business sealskin sacque. I am just giving you annually of \$63,000,000. Thomas Bras- a fact I know. The sister of this wosey, one of the foremost men in the man, although she was a very poor British parliament, on the subject girl, was not to be eclipsed, and so says: "Co-operation is the one and the she went to work day and night and only relief for the laboring populations. toiled and toiled and toiled almost in-This is the path." he says, "by which to the grave until she got a \$150 sealthey are to come up from the hand to skin sacque! Well, the news went the mouth style of living, to reap the abroad all through the street. Most rewards and the honors of our ad- of the people on that street were la vanced civilization." Lord Derby and boring, hard working people, and they John Stuart Mill, who gave half their were not to be outshone in this way, lives to the study of the labor question, and they all went to work in the same peneved in co-operative institutions. direction and practically said, though "But," says some one, "haven't these institutions sometimes been a failure?"

ure, but now the chief successes of the "But," says some one, "why talk of would go, then another family, and surplus being put by laborers into co- finally it was not respectable not to 20 multitude of tollers of this country are struggling for their daily bread and have no surplus?" I reply, put into my in that way. Now, between such fools

Yes. Every great movement has been

the steam power a failure, electro

associations in all parts of this land. rum. The laboring classes spend their share of this money. Now, suppose the his money in those directions should pended during these past few years, then suppose he should have all his friends in toil, who had made the same into a co-operative association. And operative associations all over this

Until 12 o'clock at noon, August 18, 1866, sealed proposals will be received at the office of the Board of Education, to furnish coal to the schools of the city of Akron, for the ensuing year.

Bidders shall state the kind and quality of coal, name of mine from which said coal shall be furnished, and price per ton of 2,000 pounds, delivered to the various school buildings, as required, on the following grades of coal, viz: Forked lump, shoveled lump, run of mine, washed nut, slack and anthracite.

Trades Unions.

I am not saying anything now about trades unions. You want to know what I think of trades unions. I think they are most beneficial in some directions, and they have a specific object, and in this day, when there are vast monopolies—a thousand monopolies concentrating the wealth of the people into society is a great piece of mechanism the possession of a few men-unless beaven, but i shall never forget the controlled by one great and ever rethe laboring men of this country and day when I, a green country lad, came volving force-the wheel of God's prov- all countries band together they will to his house and spent the evening, idence. You harm one part of the ma- go under. There is a lawful use of a and at the close of the evening, as I trade union. If it means sympathy in was departing, he accompanied me to parts. All professions interdependent. time of sickness, if it means finding the door, accompanied me to the steps, work for people when they are out of came down off the steps and said: labor interdependent. No such thing as the financial, the moral or the religious say anything about it." It is mean or is all right. Do not artists band to- you save for a good or bad object. band together in Handel and Hadyn have much to say against savings together in press clubs? Do not min- tell you that the vast majority of the isters of religion band together in con- homestends in this country have been physical mechanism. I despise the ferences and associations? There is the result of such institutions, and I other members of the body; if there is not in all the land a city where clergy- have to tell you also that the vast mamen do not come together, many of jority of the homesteads of the future with those miserable, low lived hands. them once a week, to talk over affairs. for the laboring classes will be the blame labor guilds. When they are a great day for the working classes of most admirable, but when they come the workingman can buy a barrel of around with drum and fife and flag flour instead of flour by the small seated under the dome of the forehead from their scaffoldings, from their fac- sack; when he can buy a barrel of tories, then they are nihilistic, then sugar instead of sugar by the pound; they are communistic, then they are when he can pay cash for coats and man wants to stop work, let him stop ditional amount for the reason that he work, but he cannot stop me from

work. But now suppose that all the laboring classes banded together for beneficent purposes in co-operative association, under whatever name they put their means together. Suppose they take the money that they waste in rum and tobacco and use it for the elevation of their families, for the education of their children, for their moral, intelan equilibrium after awhile. There lectual and religious improvement, what a different state of things we rule. That which is good for one class | would have in this country and they would have in Great Britain!

Do you not realize the fact that men work better without stimulant? You say, "Will you deny the laboring men this help which they get from strong drink, borne down as they are with many anxieties and exhausting work?" of capitalists are successful laborers. in the barvest field, while I was natunone.

derstand that. When they are preparing for the regatta, or the ball club, or the athletic wrestling, they abstain from strong drink. Now, suppose all ered together and put into co-operative different state of things from what we Practice Economy.

forecast and providence. Vast numbers of them put down their income and they put down their expenses, and ing men who are in a perfect fidget until they have spent their last dollar. | to appeal to it. They fly around everywhere until they get it spent. A case came under my observation where a young man was receiving \$700 a year and earned it by very hard work. The marriage day came. The bride had received \$500 as an inheritance from her grandfather. She put the \$500 in wedding equipment. Then the twain hired two rooms on the third story. Then this man, who had most arduous employment, just as much as he could possibly endure, got evening employment so he could earn a few dollars more and by this extra evening employgether and become their own capital- ment almost extinguished his eyesight. Why did be take this extra evening employment? Was it to lav by something for a rainy day? No. In England and Wales there are 813 Was it to get a life insurance so that co-operative associations. They have if he should die his wife would not 340,000 members; they have a capital be a pauper? No. It was for the one

not literally, "Though the heavens fall, we must have a sealskin sacone!" A clergyman in lowa told me that a failure at some time. Application of his church and the entire neighborbood had been ruined by the fact that telegraphy a failure, railroading a fail- the people mortgared their farms in order to go down to the Philadelphia Centennial in 1876. First, one family to the Centeunial at Philadelphia, and they mortgaged their farms. The

stumbles against a tombstone and falls | ing out for the bread of everlasting in, and they all go to the poorhouse. life. A man in a will giving forty That is not common honesty. I am no millions of dollars and not one cent to Savings Banks

Some of the older persons remem-New York, one of its Christian merchants. He was often called mean ciety or a reformatory institution in give to others the necessities. He has gether in an art union? Do not singers | I know there are many people who

societies? Do not newspaper men band | banks and life insurances. I have to For these reasons you should not result of such institutions. It will be doing their legitimate work, they are | England and the United States when has to get it all charged.

Again I remark: Great relief is to come for the laboring classes of this country by appreciation on the part of employers, that they had better take their employees into their confidence. I can see very easily, looking from my standpoint, what is the matter. Employees, seeing the employer in seeming prosperity, do not know all the straits, all the hardships, all the losses, all the annoyances. They look at him, and they think, "Why, he has it easy, and we have it hard." They do not know that at that very moment the employer is at the last point of desperation to meet his engagements.

I know a gentleman very well who

has over 1,000 hands in his employ. I said to him some years ago when I would deny them nothing that is there was great trouble in the labor good for them. I would deny them | market, "How are you getting on with strong drink, if I had the power, be your men?" "Oh." he said, "I have no the hand. When labor maligns capital, cause it is damaging to them. My trouble?" "Why," I said, "have not you sick, he will give you help. Are "I don't mean this as any reflection it is the hand cursing the eye. As far father said: "I became a temperance you had any strikes?" "Oh. uo!" he on the laborer, who is also no doubt as I have observed, the vast majority man in early life because I found that said. "I never had any trouble." the of his love. Who are they before "What plan do you pursue?" He said: rally weaker than the other men, I "I will tell you. All my men know ev- hands were never calloused with toil." could hold out longer than any of ery year just how matters stand. Ev- Yes, they were. You say, "Their feet then. They took stimulant and I took ery little while I call them together were never bilstered with the long and say: 'Now, boys, last year I made Everybody knows they cannot en- so much. This year I made less. So dure great fatigue-men who indulge | you see I cannot pay you as much as I in stimulants. All our young men un- did last year. Now, I want to know what you think I ought to have as a percentage out of this establishment and what wages I ought to give you. You know I put all my energy in this this money that is wasted were gath- business, put all my fortune in it and risked everything. What do you realinstitutions. Oh, we would have a very ly think I ought to have and you ought to have? By the time we come out of that consultation we are unanimous. There has never been an excep-I remark again, the laboring classes | tion. When we prosper, we all prosof this country are to find great relief per together. When we suffer we all when they learn, all of them learn, suffer together, and my men would rack and seem to listen. Her palpi die for me." Now, let all employers be frank with their employees. Take them into your confidence. Let them if the income meets the expenses that know just how matters stand. There is all that is necessary. I know labor- is an immense amount of common sense in the world. It is always safe

To the Capitalist. I remark again: Great relief will come to the laboring classes of this country through the religious rectification of it. Labor is honored and re warded in proportion as a community is Christianized. Why is it that our smallest coin in this country is a pen ny, while in China it takes a half dozen pieces of coin or a dozen to make one of our pennies in value, so the Chinese carry the cash, as they call it, like a string of beads around the neck? We never want to pay less than a penny for anything in this country. They must pay that which is worth only the sixth part or the twelfth part of a penny. Heathealsm and iniquity and infidelity depress everything. The gospel of Jesus Christ clevates everything. How do I account for this? I account for it with the plainest philosophy. The religion of Jesus Christ "is a democratic re ligion. It tells the employer that he is a brother to all the operatives in the establishment-made by the same God, to lie in the same dust and to be saved by the same supreme mercy. It does not make the slightest difference how much money you have, you cannot buy your way into the kingdom of heaven. If you have the grace of God in your heart, you will enter heaven.

Let me say a word to all capitalists Be your own executors. Make investments for eternity. Do not be like some of those capitalists I know who walk around among their employees with a supercilious air or drive up to the factory in a manner which seems to indicate they are the autocrat of the universe, with the sun and moon in their vest pockets, chiefly anxious when they go among laboring men not to be touched by the greasy or smirched hand and have their broadcloth in jured. Be a Christian employer. Remember those who are under vonr charge are bone of your bone and flesh hand the money spent by the laboring and pauperism there is only a very for them and that they are immortal. bonbons "- Srooklyn Life.

bacco, and I will establish co-operative short step. In time of peace prepare Divide up your estates or portions of for war. In time of prosperity prepare | them for the relief of the world before some of them mightier than any finan- for adversity. Yet how many there you leave it. Do not go out of the cial institutions of the country. We are who drive on the verge of the world like that man who died in New spend in this country over \$100,000,000 | precipice, and at the least touch of ac- York, leaving in his will \$40,000,000. every year for tobacco. We spend over cident or sickness over they go. Ah, yet giving how much for the church of \$1,500,000,000 directly or indirectly for | my friends, it is not right, it is not | God; how much for the alleviation of honest! He that provideth not for his human suffering? He gave some monown, and especially those of his own ey a little while before he died. That household, is worse than an infidel. A was well, but in all this will of \$40,man has no right to live in luxury and | 000,000 how much? One million? No. just add up how much he has ex- have all comforts and all brightness Five hundred thousand? No. One around him, taking his family with hundred dollars? No. Two cents? and beautiful and luxurious until he cities groaning in anguish, nations cry-

advocate of skinflint saving. I abhor God. It is a disgrace to our civilizait. But I plead for Christian provi- tion. Or, as illustrated in a letter which I have concerning a man who departed this life, leaving between five and eight millions of dollars. Not ber very well Abraham Van Nest of one dollar was left, this writer says, to comfort the aged workmen and workwomen, not one dollar to elevate and because he calculated so closely. Why instruct the hundreds of pale children did he calculate closely? That he who stifled their childish growth in might have the more to give. There the heat and clamor of his factory. Is was not a Bible society or a tract so- it strange that the curse of the children of toil follows such ingratitude? the city of New York but he had his How well could one of his many milhand in supporting it. He denied lions have been disbursed for the preshimself many luxuries that he might ent and the future benefit of those whose hands had woven literally the you jar all parts of it. Well, human trating the wealth of the people into been many years reaping his reward in fabric of the dead man's princely for tune. Oh, capitalists of the United States, be your own executors. Be a George Peabody, if need be, on a small scale. God has made you a steward. Discharge your responsibility.

## A Word to Labor.

My word is to all laboring men in work, if it means the improvement of "Here, De Witt, is \$40 for books, Don't this country: I congratulate you at your brightening prospects. I concondition of the laboring classes, that it is magnificent to save, according as gratulate you on the fact that you are getting your representatives at Albany, at Harrisburg and at Washington. I have only to mention such a man of the past as Henry Wilson, the shoemaker; as Andrew Johnson, the tailor; as Abraham Lincoln, the boatman. The living illustrations easily occur to you. This will go en until you will have representatives at all full justice.

I congratulate you also on your opportunities of information. Plato paid \$1,300 for two books. Jerome ruined in the world. At that time there were the heart of the gold workings. Now, himself financially by buying one volume of Origen. What vast opportuni- were making from \$15 to \$20 a day. friends call him "Hick" and sometimes ties for intelligence for you and your Then Mr. Fraser exhibited a few nugchildren. A working man goes along gets, weighing about 21/2 ounces. by the show window of some great publishing house, and he sees a book this city read the interview. Parties suit and a pair of patent leather shoes. that costs \$5. He says: "I wish I could have that information. I wish I could raise \$5 for that costly and beautiful book." A few months pass on, and he gets the value of that book for 25 cents in a pampulet. There never was after the interview with Mr. Fraser much alert With six ounces of brass such a day for the workingmen of appeared. The ship was crowded with filings they salted his claim, and it did America as this day and the day that is coming. I also congratulate you because your

work is only prefatory and introductory. You want the grace of Jesus Christ, the carpenter of Nazareth. He tolled himself, and he knows how to sympathize with all who toil. Get his grace in your heart, and you can sing on the scaffolding amid the storm, in the shop shoving the plane, in the mine plunging the crowbar, on shipboard climbing the ratlines. He will make the drops of sweat on your brow glittering pearls for the eternal coronet. Are you tired, he will rest you. Are you cold, he will wrap you in the manthe throne? "Ah," you say, journey." Yes, they were, but Christ raised them to that high eminence. Who are these? "These are they that came out of great tribulation and had their robes washed and made white in the blood of the Lamb." That for every Christian workingman and for every Christian workingwoman will be the beginning of eternal holiday.

During the entire summer until late in the autumn a large black hunting spider (Lycosa) dwelt in my plano. When I played andante movements softly, she would come out on the music would vibrate with almost inconceivable rapidity, while every now and then she would lift her anterior pair of legs and wave them to and fro and up and down. Just as soon, however, as I commenced a march or galop she would take to her heels and flee away to her den somewhere in the interior of the plane, where she would sulk until I enticed her forth with "Traumerel" or Haudel's "Largo."-Dr. Wier's Dawn of Reason.

Only Official Use of "Rebel." In the public square of Santa Fe is soldiers' memorial monument which is said to be the only one in the United States that bears the word "rebel" as applied to the soldiers of the Confederate army. The inscription reads: To the Heroes of the Federal Army Who Fell at the Battle of Valverde,

Fought With the Rebels Feb. 21, 1862. On the other side a second inscription pays a similar tribute to the soldiers of the Federal army who fell in a fight with the "rebels" at Canon del Apache and La Glorieta pass March

28, 1862.-Chicago News.

"Don't you fear the strong arm the law?" asked the friend. "Not always," answered the pugilist who was engaged in preparations for a meeting. "There's no doubt about the law's having a strong arm, but it's like the rest of us. It spends a great

solar plexus."-Washington Star. Capacity of St. Paul's. look quite full.

"My children." said the poor man "are crying for bread."

"Which shows," replied the rich man coldly, "how much you have to be OUT FOR THE DUST.

A MEXICAN MINING BOOM AND WHAT BECAME OF IT.

Story of a Corner In Mules and How a Real King Was Dethroned-Rickman and His Bath-A Dress Suit and Patent Leather Shoes.

(Special Correspondence.) SAN DIEGO, Cal., Aug. 9 .- This is the story of an interesting mining boom. While the excitement lasted the people of Lower California and southern California thought they had a nearby Klondike. For a time every ablebodied man in this section and not a few women hoped to get wealthy. Some two years ago rich discoveires of gold were reported in the Mexican pen- watching for the fun Suddenly someinsula of Lower California. Ensenada is the capital of the province, and that city is about 50 miles from the border line. The goldfields are breated in the Santa Clara mountains, about 25 miles inland from the Pacific ocean and a little over 300 miles below Ensenada.

Last February a mining man, Allen G. Fraser by name, a resident of Los man, Mr. McGinty, but to the relief of Angeles, heard of the alleged richness of the San Roque mines, as the Santa Clara district is called, and started for them at once. On the way he was wounded in a gun accident and put



LANDING MULES ON THE MEXICAN COAST. back Having recovered he sailed from ment. Sometimes, when Kirby is sit San Diego on the 12th of April on the ting down quietly, he will suddenly schooner Hong Kong, bound for the hear the cry, "Jump, Kirby, jump!" goldfields. He returned on May 22, and and then the laughter of a cruel friend was seen by a reporter of the San Diego will be heard. But Lew is determined the headquarters, and you will have Tribune To him Mr. Fraser described to live the whole incident down. the new goldfields in glowing colors. He declared the San Roque placers to be, in his judgment, among the richest but the ceremony took place right in over 300 miners on the ground, and all Hickman is fond of dress, and his

This was sufficient Everybody in goldfields as part of his outfit a dress were at once organized to start for the goldfields, and many persons, contrib- thought he had a rich one. uted to form syndicates The next steamer which sailed down the coast was asleep. Some of his friends, however, the St. Denis, and she left two days were wakeful-in fact, they were very hopeful gold seekers Every berth was make a fine showing. The next morntaken, and many were content with a ling Hickman struck it rich, and friends place on the floor for a bed.

available vessel in San Diego harbor aire, and naturally his thoughts turned was chartered. Old Klondike boats were to bettering his personal appearance called into service When a ship head- Water at that time was quoted at \$5 ed for San Diego was reported along the a quart bottle Hickman decided to do coast, an attempt was made to secure a rash act, and two cupfulls of the it by telegraph. One boat, just in from precious ointment were purchased. This Honolulu, was hired as soon as it was poured into a mining receptacle touched anchor in the bay The charge and Hickman's face was washed for the for passage was \$20. The merchants of first time in some weeks. The enjoythe city tried to increase their business ment was keen, and the dirty water by attracting the miners. The flour was given to a faithful burro, and he merchant would advertise some self drank up both dirt and water, and it raising brand as being "just the thing seemed so good that the appreciating for the miners." The shoe dealer would animal was kind enough to clean the get out a line of strong shoes calculated | receptacle for the considerate master. to stand the heaviest of wear.

was seasickness. The ocean would sometimes get angry and toss the ships San Roque placer district is crowded about. The nearest point of embarka- with men eager to get home. Most of tion was Asunsion bay, and here the them have no money and would starve man found no docks. The ships could were it not for the kindness and assistbut stand off from the shore and anchor ance of some who are fortunate enough and then land the prospective miners to possess food. The Mexican governand their supplies in small boats. The ment heard of their plight and diswater was cold, and baths were quite patched a war vessel to Asunsion bay frequent.

made for the gold workings. Then began a wearisome march across the burning sands. The trail is narrow, and They will suffer greatly in the journey burros must be employed to carry luggave. As soon as the workings are reached a claim must be staked out. and this covers about three acres. There is land enough for about 5,000 claims, and as each claim is generally worked by four men there is room enough for about 20,000 men There have never been, however, more than 2,000 miners at work. In a month or six weeks it appeared

that the workings were a failure, and

the men commenced to return home. One of them, a most intelligent and reliable man, thus related his mining experience to the writer "We reached the gold diggings after a very hard journey and at once staked out a claim. We had taken down what we supposed can have any peace in this city for was rolled oats, but when the packages some time. When you see a man walkwere opened we found a quantity of ing on the street with a sad face and jerked beef. We spent half a day trying downcast eye, you can depend upon it to exchange our beef for other food, but with little success. We soon discovered of good natured guying going on, and we could get very little of the precious it is rather tough on the poor men. metal and made preparations for returning to our native land. None of the men were making over \$3 a day, and the average received \$1. Supplies were high. We paid 75 cents for a breakfast in the country. One day she accounof one egg and a cvp of coffee. We lived on cakes made of flour and water. One lucky man came down with three bottles of whisky, and as that fluid was scarce he could dispose of a little whenever he wished anything, and he lived on the fat, or rather the leanness, of the land. We had a good time, and I am glad I made the trip. I have a suspicion that one of the transportation companies engineered the whole busi-

The story of the boom could not be written without mention of the deeds of two individuals. The first is Kirby. deal of time talking things over when who in the space of a few days won the it might be reaching for some one's title "King of the Burros." He is a rising young lawyer, and he lives over on Coronado beach. He is an ex-deputy assistant district attorney of San Diego. As many as 36,000 people have been Lewis R. Kirby is more than a lawyer. eccommodated in St. Paul's cathedral. He is a great and original speculator. but that has been with temporary gal- only, of course, on a small scale. The leries, etc., erected. On festivals only unique idea occurred to him that in the between 6,000 and 7,000 people find enormous mining operations which seats. At an ordinary service about were about to take place a large num-4,000 people will make the cathedral ber of mules, or burros, as they call them down here, would be needed. He thought the matter over and then made

a purchase. But Lew was not satisfied. He bought more. The news of the corner spread. and the birth of a new "king" was bailed with delight. He strutted about of your flesh; that Jesus Christ died thankful for Now, mine are crying for the town gleefully, and when he sailed with his precious burden of animal

Fels-Naptha is so much better that nobody wants any other soap; 5c, and your new back if it isn't. .

flesh a retinue of admirers bid him farewell. When they reached Asunsion bay, Lew's troubles began. Most monarchs have them.

The "king" got in a small boat, and they started to row him ashore. He had with him a hand camera, and it was an unlucky moment. Lew had some friends paid another man a quarter of a dollar to upset a boat in which one of his friends was sitting, and Lew was thing happened. What was it? Lew felt the cold water and the waves surging about him, and above all a voice cried, "Jump. Kirby, jump!" This is just what the "king" did, and he also found time to command in a loud voice.
"Save my camera!" The camera, sad to say, is now with that famous gentleall the "king" is safe.

This is the story as friends and enemies, if he has one, love to tell it. No sooner had the "king" landed than the sad news was received that the mining boom had burst. So burros could be bought very cheaply down on that Mexican coast. Every word of this is true. excepting that Lew only bought a total of six burros, and he did not loose very much money on the venture But this rather spoils the tale.

Kirby is dethroned, but he still caries his title. The other day a storekeeper in this city had occasion to place in his window a picture of a burro. In order that no mistake should be made, it bore this label. "This is not one of Kirby's burros." It is a pity that an ex-king cannot find peace in his retire-

The case of Hickman is different. His fame, it is true, hinges about a bath. "Beau Brummel" and then again 'Ward McAllister.' He took to the "Hick" staked out a claim, and he

On a certain night he was sound were called over to congratulate the The fever spread still wider. Every fortunate man. He was now a million-

Hickman too, like the "king" is still One of the first trials of the miners living, but neither is he a millionaire.

The boom has burst completely. The and transported some of the disappoint-Soon after landing the start was ed miners. This was a providential act. Some of the miners, having no money left for passage, started home on foot



SAN ROQUE PLACER MINES. of 300 miles, and it would not surprise us here if a number died on the way. There is little or no water down there. and the sun beats fiercely on the dry sand. No one who went to the goldfields he was a "ninety-niner." There is lots

There Was a Difference. Flossie, a city miss of 4, was visiting panied her grandmother to the barnyard, where she was very much fright ened at the sight of a big gobbler

strutting about. "Why, Flossie," said the old lady, "is it possible that you are afraid of a turkey, when you helped to eat one yesterday?"

"Yes, grandma," replied the little miss, "but this one ain't cooked '

